www.Suonopuro.net



Virtual Double Reed Woodwind

for MIDI and Electronic Wind Instruments

Made by Gino Chimenti

Virtual Instrument for OKONTAKT



Introduction

The **Super Duduk** is a very **expressive** and **realistic** virtual instrument emulating the **duduk**, an ancient Armenian **double reed woodwind instrument** made of apricot wood. Unlike other double-reed instruments, the duduk reed is quite wide, helping to give the duduk both its unique, mournful sound, as well as its remarkable breath requirements.

Many musicians from all over the world attribute peculiar **qualities** to the duduk: a sound that has **a humanlike voice** quality; the **ability to move** people and **evoke something ancient**; an **extreme expression**, from sweetness to pain; **a sound that is a prayer**.

The duduk has been **used in a number of movie and TV soundtracks** ("Gladiator", "Alexander", "The Last Temptation of Christ", "The Crow", "Zena, Warrior Princess", etc...), especially to denote otherworldliness, loneliness, and mourning or to supply a Middle Eastern/Central Asian atmosphere.

The **Super Duduk**, using the most **advanced technological solutions**, allows **emulating the original instrument perfectly**, even in **legato**, **staccato** and in the **tonal variations** that are obtained at different dynamic. It also **expands the duduk possibilities**, extending its range from just over one to **over four octaves**, **combining the samplings of 3 different duduks**: the one in A for the central part, the piccolo duduk for the treble and the bass duduk for the low notes.

The Super Duduk also has a **wide range of effects**, which transform the sound of the duduk into a more modern thing. Moreover, its **numerous functions** make it very **versatile** and **playable live**. It can be used both in **monophonic mode**, for greater realism, and in **polyphonic mode**. It can also perform up to **two parallel secondary voices** simultaneously, in the style of the great EWI player Michael Brecker. It does not require complicated settings or intricate ways of playing: **just play normally on your MIDI instrument** to get legato and staccato, crescendo and diminuendo, piano and forte, vibrato, glissando, etc.

The Super Duduk is designed to get the best, in terms of expression and control, from any kind of MIDI instrument:

- Electronic Wind Instruments (Akai EWI, Yamaha WX5, Casio Zanzithophone, Roland Ae1og, Morrison Digital Trumpet, etc.);
- MIDI strings (Cantini MIDI violin, Zeta MIDI violin, etc.);
- MIDI converters, like the Sonuus i2M;
- MIDI keyboards (NI Komplete control, M-Audio Oxygen, etc.);
- MIDI controllers (TEC breath controller, MIDI expression pedal, Yamaha BC3, etc.).

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Duduk in A

Features

- **Perfect Crossfade:** transition from piano to forte and vice versa on **six levels** without hear overlapping notes.
- Editable Dynamic Controller and Range.
- Two monophonic modes with real time automatic recognizing of legato and staccato: by dynamic controller and by keys.
- Play on release mode: when you release a note, the software plays the previous note still pressed.
- Configurable legato time and real time controlled portamento.
- Four round robin staccato attacks with multiple and gradual gradients from soft to marcato.
- Two parallel voices at configurable intervals, as used by Michael Brecker.
- Polyphonic mode for polyphonic instruments and sustain or hold 1st note modes for monophonic instruments.
- Blown attack technique.
- Editable sound color.
- Automatic vibrato and flutter-tonguing both configurable and controllable live.
- Chorus, Compressor, Three-band equalizer, Convolution reverb, easy to use Distortion and Delay effects.
- Keyswitches that can be disabled; live options activator.
- 4 and a half octaves of range, obtained by sampling 3 different duduks tuned to 3 different keys.
- Splitter by Suonopuro, to split and layer many sounds across your keyboard or your MIDI instrument.
- The Drone Player, an instrument for Kontakt useful for playing background sounds formed by 4 different mixable sources: synths, strings, tampura and orchestra.

System requirements

NI Kontakt 4.1.1 or higher FULL retail version. <u>It is NOT compatible with Kontakt Player.</u> You can open and run any patch of Super Duduk in Kontakt player just for 15 minutes. After that, the demo period of the player times out and you have to re-start and reload the library.

PC: Windows 7 or higher, Intel Core 2 Duo or AMD Athlon 64 X2, 2 GB RAM, low latency audio driver.

Mac: OS X 10.7 or 10.8 or higher, Intel Core 2 Duo, 2 GB RAM.

Any kind of **MIDI controller**.

License agreement

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Installation

- **Download and unzip** (unrar) the Super_Duduk.rar file into a folder of your hard-drive, using the password that was notified.
- Keep all data within said folder. Do not move the audio files to another folder, otherwise Kontakt will search for files.
- Launch Kontakt 4.1.1 or a higher version.
- From the files tab of the Kontakt browser, find the folder where you unzipped the collection and **double click on the file you want to load**.
- Select the desired channel and options, and play.
- If you are experiencing latency issues or unexpected glitches, please adjust the buffer size from the driver configuration menu of your sound card.

The Super Duduk folder contains:

- A preconfigured file (.nki) for Electronic Wind Instruments or monophonic (whose name starts with WIND);
- A preconfigured file for generic keyboards (whose name starts with KEY);
- **Optimized files** for Kontakt 4 (**K4**) and for Kontakt 5 or higher (**K5**)
- One empty multi file (.nkm) containing the Suonopuro Splitter, to split and layer many sounds across your MIDI instrument.



The **Dynamic Range Slider** defines the difference between pp and ff, from 0 = very compressed to 24 = very wide.

The **Dynamic Controller Menu** allows you to select <u>how to con-</u> <u>trol the dynamic</u>, from pp to ff. You can choose any kind of MIDI controller, like the Breath Controller CC2, the Expression Pedal CC11, the Velocity (the speed of the key-press) or a fixed value.

Att=Vel button allows you to control the attack of the notes, from soft to marcato, by the speed of the key-press regardless of the dynamics controller.

The **Vibrato Button** puts on a pitch and volume modulation controlled via the sensor selected in the **Modulation Controller Menu**.

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The **Flutter Button** enables a flutter-tonguing style mode, also regulated via the sensor selected in the **Modulation Controller Menu**.

The **Vibrato Frequency Knob** adjusts the base frequency of the modulation.

The **Chorus Button** generates a detuned and modulated copy of the audio signal.

The **Chorus Depth Knob** adjusts the range of modulated detuning.

The **Pitch Bend Knob** sets the pitch wheel range, from 0 to ± 24 semitones.

The **Brightness Button** makes the sound more brilliant and incisive.

The **BNoise knob** adjusts the average volume of the breath noise, which is activated by the **BNoise Button** and controlled by the sensor selected in the **BNoise menu** below.

The **Color knob** lets you change the overall timbre of the instrument, overlapping a sound that makes the timbre slightly more "**dirty**".

Each of these two buttons activates the **Monophonic Mode**, which allows you to play in a more expressive way.

You can choose between **two ways to control the Legato/Stac**cato:

1) by dynamic controller: if the selected dynamic controller sends a value greater than 0 then you will play legato, otherwise the sound stops and the next note will be detached. This mode is most suitable for wind or string MIDI instruments.

2) by keys: to play legato you must press the key of the next note in the sequence before the key of the previous note is released. This mode is the most suitable for keyboard instruments. If you release a note, the software will play the previous note that you are still pressing (Play on release).



Hold 1st Note sustains the first note you play with a single breath.

The Sustain Button "sustains" all the notes you play with a single breath.

Warning: these two functions work only in Legato by dyn. c. mode with any controller other than the velocity.

The **Blown attack button** enables an effect that consists of attacking notes with the breath. The effect is activated via the controller selected in the **Blown attak menu** below.

The **Legato Time** defines the glide time beetween 2 legato notes. A value greater than 30 generates a true portamento that makes the sound similar to a synthesizer, very nice when used with distortion.

With the **Glide Controller Menu** you can choose how to activate and control the portamento, a pitch sliding from one note to another.

The Glide Time knob sets the portamento time.

2nd V. and 3rd V. Buttons activate, respectively, the second and the third parallel voice.

The **Interval Sliders** indicate, respectively, the intervals in semitones between the note you are playing and the notes of the second and the third voices. You can set them from -24 (2 octaves lower) to 24 (2 octaves upper).

Distortion Button causes distortion by clipping high sample values.

Tone Knob controls the brightness of the distorted sound.

Drive Knob adjusts the amount of distortion.

The **Delay Button** enables the delay effect with 3 adjustable parameters: **Level** (in dB), **Time** (in ms) and **Feedback** (in %).

With the **Reverb Button** you can activate and select a convolution reverb beetwen **short**, **medium** or **long**.

The Reverb Knob adjusts the reverb level.

This button enables a **three-band Equalizer system**, which divides the frequency bands into L (low range), **M** (middle range), and H (high range).

The Activator Controller Menu allows you to select which controller to use to activate the functions marked with •. When the controller sends a value of 0, the marked functions are activated or deactivated. In this example, double clicking on the EWI HOLD button + you will activate the Chorus and the



This **button** activates the **compressor** and the **knob** adjusts the **compression ratio**.



How to save a configuration

To save a customized file, please follow the instructions below:

- 1. Open the "Files" menu;
- 2. From "Save as..." select the file you want to save;
- 3. From the "Save in:" menu, select the "Suonopuro Super Duduk" folder. Do not change this folder, to avoid problems with convolution reverb files;
- 4. In the "Save Mode" box, select "patch + samples;
- 5. Select the **"sample sub directory**" by clicking the button **"..."** and selecting the folder **"Suonopuro Super Duduk Samples**", then click **OK**.
- 6. In "File Name", insert a name of your liking and save.



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How to setting up additional controllers

To assign any of Super Duduk's sliders or knobs to a certain MIDI controller:

- 1. Click the knob or slider you want to assign a MIDI controller to.
- 2. Select Learn MIDI CC# Automation.
- 3. Turn the knob or move the slider on your MIDI hardware controller. The control should pick up the movement instantly.

You can add additional MIDI controllers (CC#s) to the same KONTAKT knob. You can also assign multiple knobs or sliders to the same MIDI controller.



Suonopuro Splitter

The Splitter by Suonopuro is a **multiscript** for Kontakt that allows you to **split and layer many sounds** across your keyboard or your MIDI instrument.

For instance, you could put a Drone in the bottom half of the keyboard, and a Super Duduk in the right.



Instruction:

- 1. Load the first sound you want to use, and set it to channel 1;
- 2. Now choose the lowest and the highest notes of the range you want to use to play the instruments assigned to channel 1. You can do this in 2 ways:
 - a. By typing the lower and the upper note (from C-2 to G8) in the "CH1 Low:" and "CH1 Up:" text fields.
 - b. By clicking on the "Learn CH1 range" button and playing on your instrument first the lowest note and then the highest one of the desired range.
- 3. Transpose the instruments assigned to channel 1 with the appropriate knobs:
 - a. CH1 OCT changes the <u>octaves</u>, from -4 to +4
 - b. CH1 ST transposes by <u>semitones</u>, from -12 to +12
- 4. Do the same with the other sounds, up to channel 6; (leave or set your keyboard, or the MIDI instrument you use, to MIDI channel 1).

The Drone Player

The **Drone Player** is a virtual instrument that produces a **continuous background sound**.

The sound can be customized, mixing the 4 available sources:

- 1. Synth;
- 2. Strings;
- 3. Tampura;
- 4. Orchestra.

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1. Select one of the two Drone Player operating modes:

MODO 1:

- a) Play a note in the n ° o octave to start the background sound in the chosen tone;
- b) Play any note in the same octave to stop the sound.

MODO 2:

- a) Play a note in the n ° o octave to start the background sound in the chosen tone;
- a) Play a different note of the same octave, to change the background key;
- b) Play the note B in the octave no. -1, or the note C# of the octave no. 1, to stop the background.
- 2. Customize the sound by mixing the volumes of the 4 sound sources.

